

The Total Economic Impact™ Of Revenera

Cost Savings And Business Benefits Enabled By Revenera

A Forrester Total Economic Impact™ Study Commissioned By Revenera, May 2025

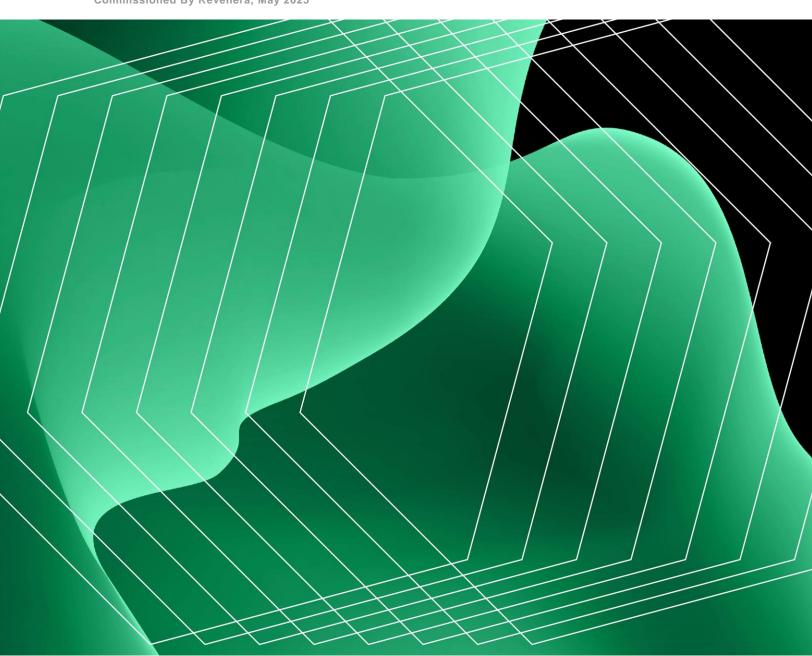


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ABOUT FORRESTER CONSULTING

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Executive Summary

As technology companies continue to modernize and embrace new software monetization models, effective entitlement management and licensing has become increasingly critical to sustain business growth and agility in a highly competitive market. Legacy approaches often lead to inefficiencies, lost revenue potential, and delays in releasing new products into the market. Organizations need automation-driven solutions in line with modern software consumption trends that enable operational efficiency, improve compliance, and maximize revenue opportunities.

Revenera helps product executives build better products, accelerate time to value, and monetize what matters. Revenera's solutions help software and technology companies drive top-line revenue with modern software monetization, understand usage and compliance with software usage analytics, empower the use of open source with software composition analysis, and deliver a seamless user experience — for embedded, on-premises, cloud, and SaaS products.

<u>Revenera</u> commissioned Forrester Consulting to conduct a Total Economic Impact[™] (TEI) study and examine the potential return on investment (ROI) enterprises may realize by deploying Revenera.¹ The purpose of this study is to provide readers with a framework to evaluate the potential financial impact of Revenera on their organizations.



Return on investment (ROI)

426%



Net present value (NPV)

\$28.84M

To better understand the benefits, costs, and risks associated with this investment, Forrester interviewed four decision-makers with experience using Revenera. For the purposes of this study, Forrester aggregated the interviewees' experiences and combined the results into a single <u>composite organization</u>: a global enterprise specializing in software and technology solutions that generates \$2 billion in annual revenue and has 5,000 employees.

Prior to using Revenera, the interviewees noted how their organizations struggled with fragmented manual licensing, entitlement management, and software monetization processes due to a reliance on legacy tools and, in some cases, custom in-house-built solutions. This disjointed approach limited visibility into entitlements and license and product usage; made it

difficult to adapt to evolving monetization models such as subscription-based, usage-based, or consumption-based approaches; and created inefficiencies across product delivery and operational workflows. As a result, organizations faced challenges monetizing across both SaaS and on-premises environments, where licensing — defined as the process of enabling and enforcing entitlements by user, device, or usage — was critical. These limitations contributed to revenue leakage, compliance risks, and barriers to scaling more modern, flexible monetization strategies.

After the investment in Revenera, the interviewees' organizations streamlined their licensing and entitlement management processes through a centralized platform. Key results from the investment include increased annual recurring revenue (ARR) growth, reduced revenue leakage, accelerated time to market, and greater operational efficiency. These improvements not only enhanced day-to-day operations but also positioned organizations for long-term growth and market competitiveness, ultimately improving business outcomes.

KEY FINDINGS

Quantified benefits. Three-year, risk-adjusted present value (PV) quantified benefits for the composite organization include:

- Increased revenue by \$19 million by Year 3 due to software monetization model modernization. Revenera's software monetization and licensing management capabilities enable the composite organization to transition 70% of its traditional perpetual licenses to flexible, subscription-based models by Year 3. This enables more predictable and frequent revenue streams for scalable business growth while also ensuring that the composite stays aligned with market trends and customer preferences. The composite organization sees a total PV benefit of \$3.9 million over three years.
- Recaptured revenue totaling \$65 million by Year 3 due to improved compliance and streamlined operations. With Revenera's Compliance Intelligence, Entitlement Management, and Software Licensing solutions in place, the composite organization gains greater visibility into software usage, automates compliance enforcement, and ensures that entitlements are accurately tracked and enforced. This allows the organization to proactively address noncompliant use, overprovisioned licenses, and missed renewals, recapturing 4% of software revenue annually that was previously lost for a total PV of \$18.8 million over three years.

- Reduced time to enable licensing and entitlement for new product releases by 90% by Year 3. By automating the process to enable licensing and entitlement management for new software products with Revenera, the composite organization eliminates bottlenecks and launches new products —whether SaaS, cloud-based, or installed locally into the market more quickly. As a result, it generates revenue sooner and has greater agility to meet fast-evolving market demands, garnering \$10.4 million over the three-year study period.
- Created end-user efficiencies that amount to \$2.5 million in savings. By automating key processes with Revenera, the composite organization's IT support, customer support, and developer teams all experience productivity gains. IT support handles fewer routine entitlement queries, as sales and support teams can access data independently through a self-service portal. Customer support sees a significant reduction in the time spent gathering customer entitlement information from multiple sources, which improves response times and customer satisfaction. Meanwhile, developer teams spend less time on custom coding and system maintenance and more on core product innovation and other business improvements.

Unquantified benefits. Benefits that provide value for the composite organization but are not quantified for this study include:

- Enhanced global compliance. Revenera's flexible software distribution and centralized
 tracking system allow the composite organization to navigate regional compliance
 requirements by ensuring software deployments meet specific regulatory needs without
 disrupting operations.
- **Improved customer experience.** Having a centralized platform allows customer support teams to access detailed entitlement data for faster, more accurate responses to customers that improve customer relationships.
- Increased sales opportunities due to improved visibility. Real-time software usage
 insights provided by Revenera give the composite's account managers better visibility to
 identify upsell opportunities and engage customers at the optimal time, ultimately
 boosting sales potential.
- Provided Revenera support. The composite organization benefits from Revenera's support team, which provides technical guidance and ensures that licensing solutions remain aligned with the organization's evolving needs.

Costs. Three-year, risk-adjusted PV costs for the composite organization include:

- Revenera software monetization platform costs of \$4.3 million over three years.
 The composite organization pays annual licensing fees based on a revenue-tiered licensing model tied to its software product revenue. Fees increase by 5% each year to account for anticipated growth in software revenue.
- Implementation costs of \$2.2 million. The composite organization incurs implementation costs that are primarily driven by internal resource labor for product configuration and system integration. Following a land-and-expand approach, the organization invests heavily in these activities during the initial phase, rolling out core products first and gradually expanding the product portfolio as the system becomes more established. As the foundational infrastructure is established, ongoing efforts decrease in subsequent years. Additionally, the composite organization pays a one-time professional service fee of \$200,000 to Revenera for product configuration, integration, and training support.
- Ongoing management effort and training costs of \$235,000. The ongoing costs that
 the composite organization incurs include the time that developers and IT resources
 dedicate to managing the Revenera platform, as well as costs associated with training its
 100 users across customer support, sales, product, and revenue operations.

The representative interviews and financial analysis found that a composite organization experiences benefits of \$35.62 million over three years versus costs of \$6.78 million, adding up to a net present value (NPV) of \$28.84 million and an ROI of 426%.

\$179 million

Revenue recaptured with Revenera due to improved compliance and streamlined operations over three years

4%

Percentage of software revenue leakage due to noncompliant license usage that is recaptured with Revenera

"We chose Revenera over competitors because they are costeffective, flexible, and support the widest range of use cases relevant to our products. Their strong reputation in the market also made our decision easy."

PRODUCT MANAGER, MANUFACTURING

"We serve [hundreds of thousands of] customers and process a high volume of transactions for highly complex product and SKU structures. Few companies could offer the API-driven, platform-friendly interfaces that Revenera provided us, and the results speak for themselves."

VP, PRODUCT, CYBERSECURITY



Return on investment (ROI)

426%



Benefits PV

\$35.62M



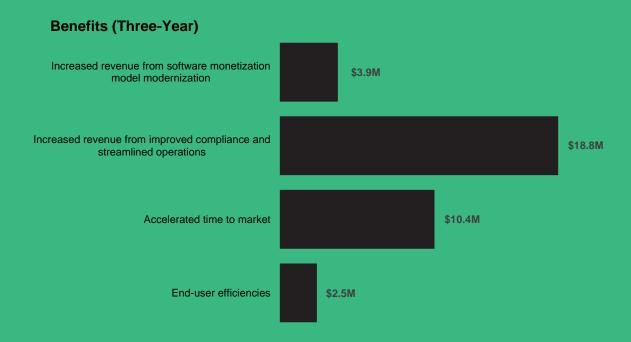
Net present value (NPV)

\$28.84M



Payback

<6 months



TEI FRAMEWORK AND METHODOLOGY

From the information provided in the interviews, Forrester constructed a Total Economic Impact™ framework for those organizations considering an investment in Revenera

The objective of the framework is to identify the cost, benefit, flexibility, and risk factors that affect the investment decision.

Forrester took a multistep approach to evaluate the impact that Revenera can have on an organization.

DISCLOSURES

Readers should be aware of the following:

This study is commissioned by Revenera and delivered by Forrester Consulting. It is not meant to be used as a competitive analysis.

Forrester makes no assumptions as to the potential ROI that other organizations will receive. Forrester strongly advises that readers use their own estimates within the framework provided in the study to determine the appropriateness of an investment in Revenera.

Revenera reviewed and provided feedback to Forrester, but Forrester maintains editorial control over the study and its findings and does not accept changes to the study that contradict Forrester's findings or obscure the meaning of the study.

Revenera provided the customer names for the interviews but did not participate in the interviews.

Due Diligence

Interviewed Revenera stakeholders and Forrester analysts to gather data relative to Revenera.

Interviews

Interviewed four people at organizations using Revenera to obtain data about costs, benefits, and risks.

Composite Organization

Designed a composite organization based on characteristics of the interviewees' organizations.

Financial Model Framework

Constructed a financial model representative of the interviews using the TEI methodology and risk-adjusted the financial model based on issues and concerns of the interviewees.

Case Study

Employed four fundamental elements of TEI in modeling the investment impact: benefits, costs, flexibility, and risks. Given the increasing sophistication of ROI analyses related to IT investments, Forrester's TEI methodology provides a complete picture of the total economic impact of purchase decisions. Please see <a href="#example-equation-no-

The Revenera Customer Journey

Drivers leading to the Revenera investment

Interviews						
Role	Industry	Region	Employees	Revenue		
Director, R&D	Engineering technology	Multinational	6,000	\$2.5 billion		
Director, digital operations	Energy	Multinational	60,000	\$25 billion		
Product manager	Manufacturing	Multinational	90,000	\$23 billion		
VP, product	Cybersecurity	Multinational	5,000	\$1 billion		

KEY CHALLENGES

Before investing in Revenera, the interviewees' organizations relied on fragmented, resource-intensive licensing and entitlement management processes that hindered effective monetization of both SaaS and on-prem products. Some organizations used legacy on-premises tools limited to basic license generation, with no broader entitlement management capabilities. Organizations with some level of entitlement tracking often relied on spreadsheets to manage and reuse keys, which offered limited visibility into activations or customer usage. For hardware-integrated software, organizations often gave away bundled software without standardized licensing, which complicated monetization and required custom service work for more complex products. In other cases, teams had built heavily customized internal systems — like complex CRM configurations — to manage entitlements, which created challenges for both scalability and flexibility.

The interviewees noted how their organizations struggled with common challenges, including:

 Revenue leakage and compliance risks due to untracked licenses and limited visibility into entitlement usage. Organizations lacked real-time insights into license consumption, which resulted in overprovisioning, underreporting, and ultimately, missed revenue opportunities. Compliance risks also increased as legacy systems struggled to enforce licensing agreements, which made it difficult to prevent unauthorized usage.

- The director of digital operations in energy explained: "Our decision to move to Revenera was driven by the need to improve our financials for one of our [core offerings]. We realized we were significantly underselling its value, and with a major revenue shift ahead, we needed full visibility into our customer base. We needed to know who our customers were, what they had, and how they were using it."
- Legacy licensing and entitlement systems that lacked scalability and limited the
 ability to support evolving business models. Interviewees' organizations relied on
 outdated, rigid systems that were not designed to accommodate modern licensing
 approaches, such as usage-based or elastic licensing. As customer needs shifted, these
 systems became a bottleneck, preventing efficient scaling and slowing time to market for
 new licensing models.
 - The director of R&D in engineering technology explained: "We were trying to develop a way to license access to a private cloud instance that functioned like a multitenant cloud for customers. This meant allowing customers to use [our] applications on that cloud. However, the traditional licensing models in our industry did not lend themselves well to cloud-based licensing."
 - The director of R&D continued: "We explored whether there was a market for usage-based licensing, which was cutting-edge at the time. We successfully proved there was demand, even though we initially used a different software solution focused on reporting rather than licensing. More importantly, we demonstrated that the market existed whether customers were using [our] private cloud or traditional on-premises software. That insight led us to develop elastic licensing, which we built out and ultimately launched with Revenera's help. They have helped us evolve our licensing strategy."
 - The director of digital operations in energy said: "With the tremendous volume that we support, we could not go back to managing everything off of a spreadsheet. When we came across Revenera as an option, we realized that it was the most cost-effective option."

- The product manager in manufacturing said: "A couple of years ago, [our organization] started putting more effort into evolving our software offerings. In the past, we only sold traditional perpetual licenses with maintenance for onpremises software, but within the last few years, we've started moving more toward subscription-based and cloud-hosted software. While we still offer certain products on the classic perpetual model when it makes sense, many of our customers have shifted toward subscription-based licensing. Being able to manage a mix of licensing models is why we needed a platform like Revenera."
- Cumbersome, manual workflows that created operational inefficiencies.
 Interviewees described their licensing and entitlement processes as slow and frustrating because they had to rely on spreadsheets, recycled license keys, and disjointed tracking systems. Provisioning licenses took too long, mistakes were common, and teams spent too much time on administrative work instead of focusing on higher-value tasks. Without a streamlined system, it was difficult to manage entitlements effectively, maintain compliance, and deliver a smooth experience for customers.
 - The director of digital operations in energy shared: "Before Revenera, we had about a hundred different license keys that we would recycle and track it all on a spreadsheet. It was a huge headache."
- In-house, custom-built solutions that required extensive IT resources and became
 a long-term burden. To address unique business requirements, some organizations
 chose to manage licensing and entitlements through heavily customized internal
 platforms. Over time, these solutions accumulated technical debt, which resulted in
 ongoing maintenance efforts, delayed updates, and made integration with other systems
 more difficult.
 - The VP of product in cybersecurity said: "Before Revenera, we had an extensive custom-built system with hundreds of thousands of lines of code one of the largest implementations of its kind. It became a massive and unwieldy system. With an environment that big, we were reaching the limit of what we could do and were not nearly as agile and we should have been."
 - The VP of product continued: "We had a lot of undifferentiated heavy lifting in our [prior environment]. Developers, architects, and IT people were spending way too much time trying to keep these very large, very complex systems up and running.

- We had a lot of technical debt, which made debugging, adding, and changing features very difficult and costly. Being agile was nearly impossible."
- The product manager in manufacturing shared, "We did not want to bear the costs of developing, owning, and managing our own licensing and entitlement platform internally, so we went with Revenera."

"Prior to Revenera, we were managing a gargantuan, complicated system that was a hindrance to our business goals. Our old systems were inflexible, costly to update, and incompatible with the flexible go-to-market strategies we were working towards."

VP, PRODUCT, CYBERSECURITY

"Our goal with Revenera was to create opportunities for new pricing models that better suited our business. We wanted to move away from the traditional model of selling a fixed endpoint or firewall for a set number of years and instead have the flexibility to build modern, consumption-based products and services. Our old environment couldn't enable the kind of complexity we needed."

VP, PRODUCT, CYBERSECURITY

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES

The interviewees' organizations searched for a solution that could:

- Reduce revenue leakage and ensure compliance with accurate license tracking.
- Enhance visibility into customer usage and license consumption to optimize revenue opportunities and improve forecasting.
- Manage increasing licensing complexity with a unified, scalable system.
- Reduce manual effort through automation of entitlement and licensing processes.
- Accelerate time to market by streamlining licensing and entitlement workflows.
- Eliminate technical debt by modernizing legacy systems and reducing maintenance burdens.

"Why did we choose Revenera over the others? We already had an existing relationship, and frankly, Revenera showed a greater interest in what we were trying to achieve from a future-looking perspective. The relationship, combined with their willingness to explore long-term opportunities, made them the stronger partner."

DIRECTOR, R&D, ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY

COMPOSITE ORGANIZATION

Based on the interviews, Forrester constructed a TEI framework, a composite company, and an ROI analysis that illustrates the areas financially affected. The composite organization is representative of the interviewees' organizations, and it is used to present the aggregate financial analysis in the next section. The composite organization has the following characteristics:

Description of composite. The composite organization is a global enterprise specializing in software and technology solutions that generates \$2 billion in annual revenue with 10% year-over-year growth. With a workforce of 5,000 employees, it operates across multiple industries and derives 75% of its revenue from software, while the remaining 25% comes from hardware and professional services.

As part of its long-term strategy, the organization is focused on optimizing software monetization and licensing management to ensure sustainable growth. To meet the evolving demands of its customer base, the company is refining its approach to entitlement tracking, compliance enforcement, and revenue protection. Its software portfolio consists of 85% SaaS solutions and 15% on-premises offerings. The company employs a subscription-based monetization model for 90% of its software products, offering term-based and usage-based options for both SaaS and on-prem solutions. The remaining 10% of monetization is derived from perpetual licenses for on-premises software.

Before investing in Revenera, the composite organization relied on a fragmented system of legacy licensing tools, manual entitlement management, and custom-built solutions to oversee software monetization. This fragmented approach led to revenue leakage, operational inefficiencies, and limited agility in responding to market demands. Additionally, the organization's reliance on manual processes slowed its transition to subscription-based licensing, preventing predictable revenue growth.

To overcome these challenges, the organization seeks to invest in a centralized platform that streamlines software licensing, automates entitlement tracking, and strengthens compliance enforcement. Through this strategic initiative, the organization aims to eliminate revenue leakage, accelerate its transition to subscription-based monetization, and enhance operational agility — positioning itself for long-term scalability and competitive advantage.

Deployment characteristics. The composite organization utilizes Revenera's Entitlement Management, Software Licensing, and Compliance Intelligence products to optimize software monetization, licensing, and compliance enforcement. It has 100 Revenera users across customer support, sales, product, and revenue operations: Customer support uses the platform to quickly access licensing data during customer interactions; sales ensures accurate entitlement verification during deal negotiations; product integrates licensing solutions to automate entitlement activation and compliance oversight; and revenue operations leverages licensing data to refine monetization strategies and improve forecasting accuracy.

To facilitate adoption, the organization follows a phased implementation approach, initially deploying Revenera for select core products before expanding usage across its broader

software portfolio. The composite integrates with its existing business applications, including ERP and CRM systems to ensure that entitlement and licensing data remain synchronized across systems.

Key Assumptions

\$2 billion annual revenue, 10% YoY growth 5,000 employees

75% of revenue driven by software 85% SaaS/15% on-prem software mix 90% subscription-based/10% perpetual monetization model

Analysis Of Benefits

Quantified benefit data as applied to the composite

Tota	Total Benefits							
Ref.	Benefit	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Total	Present Value		
Atr	Increased revenue from software monetization model modernization	\$860,625	\$1,577,813	\$2,429,831	\$4,868,269	\$3,911,932		
Btr	Increased revenue from improved compliance and streamlined operations	\$6,885,000	\$7,573,500	\$8,330,850	\$22,789,350	\$18,777,273		
Ctr	Accelerated time to market	\$3,600,000	\$4,207,500	\$4,900,504	\$12,708,004	\$10,431,821		
Dtr	End-user efficiencies	\$1,005,525	\$1,005,525	\$1,005,525	\$3,016,575	\$2,500,592		
	Total benefits (risk-adjusted)	\$12,351,150	\$14,364,338	\$16,666,710	\$43,382,198	\$35,621,618		

INCREASED REVENUE FROM SOFTWARE MONETIZATION MODEL MODERNIZATION

Evidence and data. Interviewees shared that Revenera's software monetization and licensing management tools were key to facilitating their organizations' shift away from traditional, perpetual licensing models to subscription-based models. Through this transition, organizations unlocked more predictable and frequent revenue streams. Rather than relying on one-time license sales, organizations were able to roll out recurring software monetization models that were better aligned with market trends and customer usage patterns without having to rebuild their internal systems. This move helped modernize their monetization approach and paved the way for scalable, long-term growth.

• The director of R&D in engineering technology explained how Revenera's software monetization and licensing management capabilities have supported their efforts to grow ARR by introducing flexible pricing models that better serve different customer segments: "In an effort to increase our annual recurring revenue, we've introduced new recurring pricing models and encouraged people to migrate over time. In some cases, we keep both models available for our larger customers because their sales cycles tend to be several years long, and changing licensing models abruptly is challenging."

The director of R&D continued: "We've also been able to introduce usage-based licensing to capture more small and medium-sized businesses, where the barrier to entry for traditional models is sometimes too high. If they are hesitant to commit to a long-term purchase, we can now introduce a usage-based product, which is a smaller commitment."

- The product manager in manufacturing said: "Before implementing Revenera, we didn't have any mechanisms in place to offer subscription-based licensing. Since rolling it out, we've started transitioning our multimillion-dollar line of business to renewable subscriptions. Since we've been able to automate invoicing and order management, we can now offer subscription-based licensing in ways we couldn't before."
- The director of digital operations in energy shared: "We are actively working to shift more of our on-premises offerings to a subscription model through Revenera. Not only does this transition benefit our business by allowing us to bring in more recurring revenue, but it also allows us to host the solution ourselves, so our customer doesn't need to have their own infrastructure. It's a win-win."

Modeling and assumptions. Based on the interviews, Forrester assumes the following about the composite organization:

- The composite organization generates \$2 billion in annual revenue, with a 10% yearover-year growth rate.
- Software products comprise 75% of the composite's revenue.
- Fifteen percent of the composite's software is on-premises.
- Ten percent of the composite's software revenue is generated through perpetual licensing.
- With Revenera, the composite transitions 30% of its perpetual licensing revenue to subscription-based licensing in Year 1, 50% in Year 2, and 70% in Year 3.
- The composite's operating margin is 15%.

Risks. This benefit will vary among organizations based on:

- Annual revenue and growth rate.
- Average percentage of revenue derived from software products.

- Average percentage of software that is on-premises.
- Average percentage of software revenue that is generated through perpetual licensing.
- Average percentage of perpetual licensing revenue transitioned to subscription-based licensing with Revenera.
- · Operating margin.

Results. To account for these risks, Forrester adjusted this benefit downward by 15%, yielding a three-year, risk-adjusted total PV (discounted at 10%) of \$3.9 million.

70%

Average percentage of perpetual licensing revenue transitioned to subscription-based licensing with Revenera by Year 3

\$38 million

Revenue from transitioning from perpetual- to subscription-based licensing over three years

Ref.	Metric	Source	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3
A1	Total revenue	Composite	\$2,000,000,000	\$2,200,000,000	\$2,420,000,000
A2	Average percentage of revenue derived from software products	Composite	75%	75%	75%
А3	Revenue from software products	A1*A2	\$1,500,000,000	\$1,650,000,000	\$1,815,000,000
A4	Average percentage of software that is on-prem	Composite	15%	15%	15%
A5	Average percentage of software revenue from perpetual licensing	Composite	10%	10%	10%
A6	Average percentage of perpetual licensing revenue transitioned to subscription-based licensing with Revenera	Interviews	30%	50%	70%
A7	Revenue from transitioning to subscription-based licensing	A3*A4*A5*A6	\$6,750,000	\$12,375,000	\$19,057,500
A8	Operating margin	Composite	15%	15%	15%
At	Increased revenue from software monetization model modernization	A7*A8	\$1,012,500	\$1,856,250	\$2,858,625
	Risk adjustment	↓15%			
Atr	Increased revenue from software monetization model modernization (riskadjusted)		\$860,625	\$1,577,813	\$2,429,831
	Three-year total: \$4,868,269		Three-year p	resent value: \$3,91	1,932

INCREASED REVENUE FROM IMPROVED COMPLIANCE AND STREAMLINED OPERATIONS

Evidence and data. Before implementing Revenera, interviewees reported significant revenue leakage due to various forms of license noncompliance — including piracy, underreported usage, and misuse of entitlements — and ineffective license tracking. Interviewees' organizations struggled with limited visibility into software usage and license compliance and often relied on manual reviews that only surfaced major discrepancies during renewals — leaving smaller, persistent revenue drains unnoticed. Customers exceeding their paid entitlements or using demo versions beyond the allotted period frequently slipped through the cracks.

Revenera's Compliance Intelligence, Entitlement Management, and Software Licensing solutions provided real-time insights into software usage, enabling organizations to detect noncompliance, enforce proper entitlement usage, and ensure effective license tracking and

management earlier and with greater confidence. This visibility helped organizations close revenue gaps by identifying misuse and enforcing license agreements before losses escalated. Interviewees also shared that receiving license expiry notifications and leveraging automated entitlement enforcement helped prevent revenue loss by ensuring timely renewals and proactive compliance without disrupting customer relationships.

- The director of R&D in engineering technology said: "We've integrated Revenera into our financial system, so everything from royalty reporting to usage-based licensing and entitlement management is now streamlined. This gives us better visibility into who we've given licenses to, so we can track whether customers have more licenses than they've paid for. We've been able to recover a lot of revenue from overprovisioned licenses that would've otherwise gone unnoticed."
- The VP of product in cybersecurity shared: "Historically, we did not pursue customers who were slightly overprovisioned unless it was a gross overuse case. We often waited until renewal cycles to address discrepancies. However, Revenera gives us the capability to track software usage with more precision, particularly for term licenses, and decide when and how to take action. The data it provides allows us to evaluate and take action with more confidence should we need to enforce overprovisioning penalties."

The VP of product continued: "We plan to use [Revenera] to introduce workflows for license expiry notifications to give customers proactive reminders when they've exceeded entitlements or when their licenses have expired. The goal is to help keep honest customers honest and maintain compliance without being overly aggressive."

The VP of product concluded: "While we haven't enforced over-provisioning restrictions yet, Revenera gives us the capability to do so if needed. This allows us to be more intentional about compliance. We want to strike the right balance between revenue protection and customer experience."

Modeling and assumptions. Based on the interviews, Forrester assumes the following about the composite organization:

- The composite organization generates 90% of its software revenue from subscriptionbased licensing.
- Before Revenera, the composite loses 4% of revenue each year due to noncompliance and ineffective license tracking.
- The composite's operating margin is 15%.

Risks. This benefit will vary among organizations based on:

- Revenue derived from software products.
- Average percentage of software revenue derived from subscription-based licensing.
- Average percentage of revenue lost due to noncompliance and ineffective license tracking before Revenera.
- Operating margin.

Results. To account for these risks, Forrester adjusted this benefit downward by 15%, yielding a three-year, risk-adjusted total PV (discounted at 10%) of \$18.8 million.

\$179 million

Revenue recaptured with Revenera due to improved compliance and streamlined operations over three years

"With a customer base [in the hundreds of thousands], it's impossible to have direct sales relationships with everyone, which meant we didn't have full visibility into how licenses are deployed across an entire estate. Revenera acts as our single source of truth for entitlement tracking to help us identify cases where customers consistently exceed their entitlements."

VP, PRODUCT, CYBERSECURITY

Increased Revenue From Improved Compliance And Streamlined Operations						
Ref.	Metric	Source	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	
B1	Revenue from software products	A3	\$1,500,000,000	\$1,650,000,000	\$1,815,000,000	
B2	Average percentage of software revenue from subscription-based licensing	Composite	90%	90%	90%	
В3	Average percentage of revenue lost due to noncompliance and ineffective license tracking before Revenera	Interviews	4%	4%	4%	
B4	Revenue recaptured with Revenera	B1*B2*B3	\$54,000,000	\$59,400,000	\$65,340,000	
B5	Operating margin	A8	15%	15%	15%	
Bt	Increased revenue from improved compliance and streamlined operations	B4*B5	\$8,100,000	\$8,910,000	\$9,801,000	
	Risk adjustment	↓15%				
Btr	Increased revenue from improved compliance and streamlined operations (risk-adjusted)		\$6,885,000	\$7,573,500	\$8,330,850	
Three-year total: \$22,789,350 Three-year present value: \$18,777,273					77,273	

ACCELERATED TIME TO MARKET

Evidence and data. Before Revenera, interviewees' organizations faced significant delays in enabling licensing and entitlement before releasing new software products to the market. These delays created bottlenecks, where products were ready but remained unsellable due to the time-consuming process of defining, generating, and enabling software licenses and entitlements. In some cases, organizations even had to delay product launches or abandon planned releases altogether because of the slow pace of licensing integrations. Organizations often spent months on manual integrations with order management systems, front-end interface development, and the creation of administrative tools for license management.

These inefficiencies slowed product launches, delayed revenue generation, and hindered businesses from quickly capitalizing on market demand. With Revenera's automated software licensing and entitlement management, organizations were able to accelerate time to market by streamlining these previously manual processes. This allowed them to generate revenue sooner, respond to customer demands faster, and maintain a competitive edge in their industry.

 The product manager in manufacturing said: "Implementing licensing and entitlement systems for new products could take over a year [in the prior environment]. We had to figure out how to integrate with order management systems, build a front-end interface, and create an administrative tool for managing licenses. Although the overall project may span several months with different components occurring at different times, the time required to enable licensing and entitlement now takes only one month."

The product manager continued: "The value here is clear: We're able to do in a month what used to take over a year. Now, when we onboard a new product, it's just a small portion of our standard work process, rather than a major challenge that we need to figure out. Previously, this was considered a high-risk area of our development process, but now, it's a well-established part of each project. It means we can launch new products faster."

The product manager concluded: "Before Revenera, we would have had to wire things together, test in production and QA, and verify that the new license worked, which was a much more complex and time-consuming process. Now, for products that are already onboarded and have their licensing and entitlement systems set up in Revenera, adding a new license takes just a few minutes. You simply open Revenera, enter the new SKU, and it's done. Of course, there are additional steps, like updating our ERP system, but overall, the time required is drastically reduced compared to before."

Modeling and assumptions. Based on the interviews, Forrester assumes the following about the composite organization:

- Ten percent of the composite organization's software revenue is attributable to new software development, rather than recurring revenue.
- The composite releases 0.5 new software products per year, or one new product every two years.
- Before Revenera, it takes the composite 160 hours each year to enable licensing and entitlement.
- With Revenera, the composite experiences an 80% reduction in time to enable licensing and entitlement.
- The composite's operating margin is 15%.

Risks. This benefit will vary among organizations based on:

 Average percentage of software revenue is attributable to new software development, rather than recurring revenue.

- Frequency of software product releases with licensing and entitlement management enabled by Revenera.
- Time to enable licensing and entitlement before Revenera.
- Operating margin.

Results. To account for these risks, Forrester adjusted this benefit downward by 20%, yielding a three-year, risk-adjusted total PV (discounted at 10%) of \$10.4 million.

90%

Reduction in time to enable licensing and entitlement by Year 3 with Revenera

\$106 million

Incremental revenue from automated software licensing and entitlement management for new product releases over three years

Acce	elerated Time To Market				
Ref.	Metric	Source	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3
C1	Percentage of software revenue attributable to new software development (rather than recurring revenue)	Composite	10%	10%	10%
C2	Revenue from new software development	A3*C1	\$150,000,000	\$165,000,000	\$181,500,000
С3	Average new product releases with licensing and entitlement management enabled with Revenera	Composite	0.5	0.5	0.5
C4	Average revenue per product release	C2*C3	\$75,000,000	\$82,500,000	\$90,750,000
C5	Time to enable licensing and entitlement before Revenera (hours)	Composite	160	160	160
C6	Reduction in time to enable licensing and entitlement with Revenera	Interviews	80%	85%	90%
C7	Time to enable licensing and entitlement per product release avoided with Revenera (hours) (rounded)	C5*C6	128	136	144
C8	Average revenue impact per hour per product release	C4/C5	\$468,750	\$515,625	\$567,188
C9	Incremental revenue from automated software licensing and entitlement management for new product releases with Revenera	C3*C7*C8	\$30,000,000	\$35,062,500	\$40,837,536
C10	Operating margin	A8	15%	15%	15%
Ct	Accelerated time to market	C9*C10	\$4,500,000	\$5,259,375	\$6,125,630
	Risk adjustment	↓20%			
Ctr	Accelerated time to market (risk-adjusted)		\$3,600,000	\$4,207,500	\$4,900,504
	Three-year total: \$12,708,004		Three-year pre	sent value: \$10,43	1,821

END-USER EFFICIENCIES

Evidence and data. Interviewees' organizations reported significant efficiency gains for their IT support, customer support, and developer teams after implementing Revenera. They shared the following regarding the impact on each role:

• IT support savings. Before implementing Revenera, interviewees shared that their organizations' IT support teams allocated significant time to fulfilling requests from sales and service teams to pull customer entitlement data. These requests often required manual searches across multiple systems, including CRMs, spreadsheets, and internal databases. With Revenera's self-service capabilities, sales and support teams were able

to independently access entitlement data through a centralized platform, allowing IT support resources to spend less time handling routine data requests and more time on strategic initiatives.

- The director of digital operations in energy explained: "Our sales, commercial, and service people now have access to [Revenera's Entitlement Management solution], so they can look up customer data on their own. They no longer have to reach out to tech support for questions about what exists once they have access. Because this has made us much more efficient, we've continued to put effort into educating teams on how to access Revenera on their own, so they don't have to refer to a spreadsheet or call somebody."
- Customer support savings. Interviewees explained that their customer support teams
 previously had to manually gather customer entitlement data from multiple sources, such
 as CRMs, spreadsheets, and IT systems, to effectively engage with customers. This
 process was time-consuming and often resulted in delayed responses to customer
 inquiries. With Revenera, all customer licensing information was consolidated into a
 single platform, so customer support agents could quickly access the information they
 needed to respond to customer queries in real time. This streamlined access
 significantly reduced time spent searching for data and improved their overall efficiency.
 - o The product manager in manufacturing shared that instead of spending 2 hours per customer call tracking down license information across teams and systems, the customer support team now gets an instant report with Revenera. They said: "Before implementing Revenera, it was difficult for customer support teams to quickly identify which licenses a customer had. To gather that information, they would need to reach out to multiple teams across different business units to ask about the customer's products. They would also have to go into CRMs and spreadsheets, or ask IT for an audit report, but there was no centralized system. Now, with Revenera, the customer support team can instantly access a clear snapshot of what licenses a customer has, whether active or expired, without having to search through multiple systems."
 - Developer savings. Before Revenera, interviewees' organizations allocated developers to custom development for entitlement management in complex in-house

systems. These tasks, which involved continuous updates, bug fixes, and bespoke coding, diverted their focus from core activities like product development and business innovation. By implementing Revenera, organizations automated entitlement management and eliminated the need for custom code development and manual system updates.

- The VP of product in cybersecurity said that prior to Revenera, they would have between 10 to 12 developers dedicated to custom code development and managing the entitlement system. Reflecting on the effort required from these developers in the prior environment, they said: "If [our developers] weren't working on keeping the system running, they were trying to implement changes, which was particularly difficult because of how complex our system was. Now, those developers are focused on more important tasks. We have four or five people still working with the entitlement system, but most of their time is spent adding reporting capabilities or exploring new ways to enhance our business operations. We're looking at new features, capabilities, and ways to improve our go-to-market strategy."
- The product manager in manufacturing said: "When we talked to different business units within our organization about implementing on Revenera, we sometimes faced the question: 'Why can't we just do this on our own? Why can't we just publish our own web pages to activate products?' The answer was that the costs, both in terms of headcount and infrastructure, would be significant. Having multiple products with different ways to build and manage them and various systems to support each one adds up quickly. Even if some of them shared the same platform, we'd still have to build and manage several systems on our own. With Revenera, we've been able to reduce that complexity from many different methods down to just one or two."

The product manager continued: "Building our own license management tool in-house would require a five- to 10-person development team just to build and maintain it. Our contract with Revenera is significantly less than the cost of doing it internally. Along with the cost savings, our Revenera contract gives us the flexibility to scale up to tens of millions in tiered licenses, which is something our in-house infrastructure simply wouldn't be able to support."

The product manager concluded: "Arguably one of the biggest advantages for us is that we no longer need to build, maintain, and support the integrations with our ERP systems and other business applications. Revenera allows us to avoid repeated integration efforts across different divisions using the system. That's huge for us."

Modeling and assumptions. Based on the interviews, Forrester assumes the following about the composite organization:

IT support savings:

- The composite organization dedicates four IT support resources to servicing sales and support teams before Revenera.
- The composite reassigns 75% of these IT support resources due to Revenera's self-service capabilities.
- The average fully burdened annual salary of an IT support resource is \$54,000.

Customer support savings:

- The composite has a customer support team of 30 employees.
- Before Revenera, each customer support resource spent 25 hours per quarter gathering customer data around entitlement and licensing.
- With Revenera, the composite experiences a 95% reduction in time spent gathering customer data around entitlement and licensing.
- The average fully burdened hourly rate of a customer support resource is \$30.
- For this benefit, the composite has a productivity recapture rate of 50%.
 Customer support resources spend half of the time they save on activities that generate business value, but not all reclaimed time is dedicated to value-added work.

Developer savings:

- The composite dedicated six developers to custom development for entitlement management before Revenera.
- With Revenera, the composite reassigns 90% of these developer resources.

o The average fully burdened annual salary of a developer is \$182,500.

Risks. This benefit will vary among organizations based on:

- IT support savings:
 - IT support resources dedicated to servicing sales/support teams before Revenera.
 - Average fully burdened annual salary of an IT support resource.
- Customer support savings:
 - Customer support team size.
 - Time spent gathering customer data around entitlement and licensing before Revenera.
 - o Average fully burdened hourly rate of a customer support resource.
- Developer savings:
 - Developer team size working on internal software development before Revenera.
 - o Average fully burdened annual salary of a developer.

Results. To account for these risks, Forrester adjusted this benefit downward by 10%, yielding a three-year, risk-adjusted total PV (discounted at 10%) of \$2.5 million.

End	User Efficiencies				
Ref.	Metric	Source	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3
D1	IT support resources dedicated to servicing sales/support teams before Revenera	Composite	4	4	4
D2	Reduction in IT support resources with Revenera due to self-service	Interviews	75%	75%	75%
D3	IT support resources reassigned with Revenera	D1*D2	3	3	3
D4	Average fully burdened annual salary of an IT support resource	Composite	\$54,000	\$54,000	\$54,000
D5	Subtotal: IT support savings	D3*D4	\$162,000	\$162,000	\$162,000
D6	Customer support team	Composite	30	30	30
D7	Time spent gathering customer data around entitlement and licensing per customer support resource per quarter (hours)	Composite	25	25	25
D8	Reduction in time spent gathering customer data around entitlement and licensing with Revenera	Interviews	95%	95%	95%
D9	Time spent gathering customer data around entitlement and licensing avoided with Revenera (hours)	D6*D7*4*D8	2,850	2,850	2,850
D10	Average fully burdened hourly rate of a customer support resource	Composite	\$30	\$30	\$30
D11	Productivity recapture	TEI methodology	50%	50%	50%
D12	Subtotal: Customer support savings	D9*D10*D11	\$42,750	\$42,750	\$42,750
D13	Developer team dedicated to custom development for entitlement management before Revenera	Composite	6	6	6
D14	Reduction in developer resources with Revenera	Interviews	90%	90%	90%
D15	Developer resources reassigned with Revenera (rounded)	D13*D14	5	5	5
D16	Average fully burdened annual salary of a developer resource	Composite	\$182,500	\$182,500	\$182,500
D17	Subtotal: Developer savings	D15*D16	\$912,500	\$912,500	\$912,500
Dt	End-user efficiencies	D5+D12+D17	\$1,117,250	\$1,117,250	\$1,117,250
	Risk adjustment	↓10%			
Dtr	End-user efficiencies (risk-adjusted)		\$1,005,525	\$1,005,525	\$1,005,525
	Three-year total: \$3,016,575		Three-year pres	sent value: \$2,500,	592

3

IT support resources reassigned due to self-service with Revenera

95%

Reduction in time customer support resources spent gathering customer data around entitlement and licensing with Revenera

90%

Developer resources reassigned due to Revenera who were previously dedicated to internal software development

UNQUANTIFIED BENEFITS

Interviewees mentioned the following additional benefits that their organizations experienced but were not able to quantify:

Enhanced global compliance. Interviewees reported that using Revenera helped their
organizations to more effectively navigate regional compliance requirements. By
providing flexible software distribution options and a centralized system for tracking
deployments, organizations could ensure that they met specific regulatory needs without
disrupting operations.

The director of digital operations in energy said: "Sometimes, there are certain regions that don't want their software deployed from the cloud and instead ask us to send it by DVD. To accommodate this, we make the software available in Revenera so we can track it, but we also send the DVD. Other than that, most people just receive their

software electronically through Revenera based on what they are entitled to use, and compliance issues rarely come up."

• Improved customer experience. Interviewees noted that Revenera's centralized platform improved customer interactions by providing better visibility into entitlements and support needs. Previously, organizations faced challenges in tracking customer licensing and service agreements, which often led to inconsistent support. With Revenera, customer support teams can easily access comprehensive reports on each customer's entitlements to ensure that inquiries are adequately addressed, which ultimately strengthened customer relationships.

The product manager in manufacturing said: "Before Revenera, there was no easy way to differentiate between customers on maintenance or subscription and those who weren't. We ended up providing support to everyone, which was costly. Now, with Revenera, we can quickly identify who is paying for maintenance or subscriptions, which allows us to manage support resources more effectively and set clear expectations with customers."

The product manager continued: "Revenera gives us the ability to segment customers by their support status so that we can provide tiered support and offer premium services to those who are paying for ongoing maintenance or subscription. We wouldn't have been able to do any of this without centralized tooling."

Increased sales opportunities due to improved visibility. Interviewees reported that
Revenera transformed the way account managers engage with customers and identify
upsell opportunities. Before investing in the platform, organizations had limited visibility
into utilization data, such as fulfilment rates, feature usage, and service denials, which
made it difficult for account managers to anticipate needs or initiate meaningful
conversations around potential expansions. With Revenera, organizations had access to
accurate, real-time software usage data and customizable notifications to better manage
pipelines and engage customers at the right time — helping to increase the likelihood of
securing new sales opportunities.

The director of R&D in engineering technology said: "One of the biggest challenges in our industry is that account managers often reengage customers a year later with little more than anecdotal feedback from conversations. There's no clear view into actual usage, which makes it hard to steer sales conversations and identify the best next steps

with customers. Revenera gives us analytics around what customers are using, and that insight changes everything."

The director of R&D continued: "We're now having more frequent conversations with customers when they are nearing the end of their credits or have already used them up. We're able to initiate discussions about purchasing more often."

Provided Revenera support. Interviewees shared that Revenera's customer support
played a key role in helping their teams navigate licensing and entitlement management
with confidence. With direct access to engineers who provide guidance and technical
expertise around deployment, troubleshooting, and ongoing system optimization,
interviewees described Revenera's support approach as responsive and collaborative.
Revenera continues to work closely with the interviewees' organizations to ensure their
licensing solutions remain aligned with evolving business needs.

The VP of product in cybersecurity said: "Revenera's support team has been very collaborative throughout this process. They weren't just collaborative in the usual salesprocess sense — they took a customer-centric approach that addressed our technical needs. Whenever we have an issue, we can get on the phone with their engineers to help resolve it. It's not just about Revenera's features and functionality — we also chose them because they showed that they care about our success."

"Any large-scale business system transformation comes with its challenges, but Revenera was extraordinarily good at helping us navigate that journey. They had people on call 24 hours a day, including weekends, for two weeks straight to make sure we had the support we needed at every stage."

VP, PRODUCT, CYBERSECURITY

FLEXIBILITY

The value of flexibility is unique to each customer. There are multiple scenarios in which a customer might implement Revenera and later realize additional uses and business opportunities, including:

• Business agility. Interviewees shared how Revenera has helped their organizations quickly adjust to changing market demands and take advantage of new opportunities. The platform's analytics provided insights into trends that helped them proactively identify shifts in customer needs and emerging market opportunities. With these insights, organizations were able to make more informed decisions about pricing, product offerings, and go-to-market strategies to remain competitive in a rapidly evolving landscape.

The product manager in manufacturing explained: "Revenera has allowed us to explore new business models that would have been difficult to implement in the past. We're developing a new offering that will have variable costs tied to power usage, so we're working to align costs with the actual value we deliver. Without Revenera, we would have defaulted to a flat subscription or perpetual pricing model, but now we can offer flexible pricing tied to measurable savings. It's been a great enabler for us."

The VP of product in cybersecurity shared: "Revenera has laid the groundwork for us to explore ways to incorporate new features, capabilities, and functionality into our overall business operations. We've been using what we learned to work on product enhancements, new go-to-market approaches, and a more efficient renewal process."

Flexibility would also be quantified when evaluated as part of a specific project (described in more detail in Appendix A).

Analysis Of Costs

Quantified cost data as applied to the composite

Tota	l Costs						
Ref.	Cost	Initial	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Total	Present Value
Etr	Fees to Revenera	\$0	\$1,650,000	\$1,732,500	\$1,819,125	\$5,201,625	\$4,298,554
Ftr	Implementation costs	\$1,204,434	\$726,831	\$459,228	\$0	\$2,390,493	\$2,244,717
Gtr	Ongoing management effort and training	\$54,600	\$72,503	\$72,503	\$72,503	\$272,108	\$234,903
	Total costs (risk- adjusted)	\$1,259,034	\$2,449,334	\$2,264,231	\$1,891,628	\$7,864,226	\$6,778,174

FEES TO REVENERA

Evidence and data. Interviewees reported that their organizations paid annual fees to Revenera based on a revenue-tiered licensing model tied to their software product revenue. Pricing was set upfront and remained fixed over the typical three-year agreement term.

They described Revenera's cost structure as a scalable model that aligned with business growth over time: As software revenue increased year over year, future contract tiers adjusted accordingly. Interviewees noted that this structure provided cost predictability and helped ensure that licensing usage stayed aligned with the benefits their organizations realized from Revenera.

Modeling and assumptions. Based on the interviews, Forrester assumes the following about the composite organization:

- The composite organization enters into a three-year agreement with Revenera, with annual fees determined at contract signing that increase 5% year over year to reflect anticipated growth in software product revenue.
- Pricing is fixed for the duration of each contract term and reevaluated at renewal based on updated software revenue levels.
- Pricing may vary. Contact Revenera for additional details.

Risks. This benefit will vary among organizations based on:

- The size and growth trajectory of an organization's software product revenue.
- The specific licensing terms, discounts, or custom pricing structures negotiated.

Results. To account for these risks, Forrester adjusted this cost upward by 10%, yielding a three-year, risk-adjusted total PV (discounted at 10%) of \$4.3 million.

Fees To Revenera								
Ref.	Metric	Source	Initial	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3		
E1	Annual licensing cost	Composite		\$1,500,000	\$1,575,000	\$1,653,750		
Et	Fees to Revenera	E1	\$0	\$1,500,000	\$1,575,000	\$1,653,750		
	Risk adjustment	↑10%						
Etr	Fees to Revenera (risk-adjusted)		\$0	\$1,650,000	\$1,732,500	\$1,819,125		
	Three-year total: \$5,201,625			Three-year present value: \$4,298,554				

IMPLEMENTATION COSTS

Evidence and data. Interviewees described their organizations' implementation of Revenera as a land-and-expand approach, beginning with a few core products and gradually expanding across the product portfolio once they established the foundational infrastructure. Organizations paid Revenera's professional services fee for initial rollout planning, product configuration, and training during the onboarding process. This fee covered the initial setup and helped streamline the integration of Revenera into existing systems.

The initial focus was on integrating business systems and applications, configuring licensing models, and automating entitlement processes. During this phase, organizations collaborated across three key teams:

• **Developers** led the technical integration, set up the licensing models, and ensured the compatibility of new products with the system. They worked closely with the other teams to ensure smooth integration.

- Revenue operations aligned the entitlement processes with the sales systems to
 enable accurate tracking and faster order processing. It was important to ensure that
 systems would work seamlessly as new products were introduced.
- IT resources managed the underlying infrastructure and ensured data security and smooth integration across platforms. Their work laid the foundation for scalable product rollouts.

Once the foundational infrastructure was in place, future product rollouts required a significantly smaller time investment.

- The director of digital operations in energy said: "To implement [Revenera], we needed people from various departments, including technology, product, software engineering, sales and service, commercial, sourcing, and manufacturing. They all needed to be educated and engaged in the process to make it happen. We had to configure the software not just for Revenera but also for our [other business applications], so it was a substantial effort across multiple teams."
 - The director of digital operations continued: "The initial deployment took about four months after we established internal approval and procedures. After that period, we spent about six months integrating the new functionality into our software. That process involved programming the required features, conducting rigorous testing to ensure everything was functioning as expected, and then preparing for the go-live phase."
- The VP of product in cybersecurity shared: "Our implementation was a two-and-a-half-year journey. We had to migrate five years' worth of data across multiple systems, including our CRM and ERP, and rationalize everything in the new system. We also had to involve legal and compliance before we could go live. It was a big undertaking as part of a larger business transformation."
- The product manager in manufacturing said: "We've spent the last few years working with our business units to onboard them onto Revenera. To do that, we've had to transform our ordering process to align with the new monetization models. There were a lot of things we had to build and adjust outside of Revenera itself to support this new way of doing this. Through it, we've learned a lot and have become more efficient with time."

The product manager continued: "In the first two years, we onboarded four products, and in the last year alone, we've onboarded around eight to 10 products. We plan to

integrate another six to 10 products within the next year using the experience we've gained."

Modeling and assumptions. Based on the interviews, Forrester assumes the following about the composite organization:

- The composite organization pays a one-time professional services fee to Revenera for the initial rollout planning, product configuration, and training during onboarding.
- A mix of FTEs, including developers, revenue operations, and IT resources, are involved in the composite's implementation.
 - Four developer FTEs spend 100% of their time on implementation in the first year. In Years 2 and 3, their time commitment decreases to 75% and 50%, respectively, as the focus shifts to system maintenance and further product integrations.
 - o The average fully burdened annual salary of a developer resource is \$182,500.
 - Two revenue operations FTEs spend 60% of their time on implementation in Year 1. In Years 2 and 3, their time commitment decreases to 40% and 20%, respectively, as the entitlement processes become more streamlined.
 - The average fully burdened annual salary of revenue operations resource is \$108,000.
 - Two IT FTEs spend 60% of their time on implementation in Year 1. In Years 2 and 3, their time commitment decreases to 40% and 20%, respectively, as they focus on ensuring smooth integration and maintaining system security.
 - o The average fully burdened annual salary of an IT resource is \$72,900.

Risks. This benefit will vary among organizations based on:

- The scope and complexity of the product portfolio.
- The number and fully burdened annual salaries of FTEs dedicated to implementation.
- The complexity, size, and scope of the transition from legacy systems to Revenera.

Results. To account for these risks, Forrester adjusted this cost upward by 5%, yielding a three-year, risk-adjusted total PV (discounted at 10%) of \$2.2 million.

lmpl	ementation Costs						
Ref.	Metric	Source	Initial	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	
F1	Revenera professional services fee	Composite	\$200,000				
F2	Developer resources involved in implementation	Composite	4	4	4		
F3	Average percentage of developer resource time spent on implementation	Interviews	100%	75%	50%		
F4	Average fully burdened annual salary of developer resource	D16	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		\$182,500		
F5	Revenue operations resources involved in implementation	Composite	2	2	2		
F6	Average percentage of revenue operations resource time spent on implementation	Interviews	60%	40%	20%		
F7	Average fully burdened annual salary of revenue operations resources, blended	Composite	\$108,000	\$108,000	\$108,000		
F8	IT resources involved in implementation	Composite	2	2	2		
F9	Average percentage of IT resource time spent on implementation	Interviews	60%	40%	20%		
F10	Average fully burdened annual salary of IT resource	Composite	\$72,900	\$72,900	\$72,900		
F11	Subtotal: Implementation effort	(F2*F3*F4)+(F5* F6*F7)+(F8*F9* F 10)	\$947,080	\$692,220	\$437,360		
Ft	Implementation costs	F1+F11	\$1,147,080	\$692,220	\$437,360	\$0	
	Risk adjustment	↑5%					
Ftr	Implementation costs (risk-adjusted)		\$1,204,434	\$726,831	\$459,228	\$0	
	Three-year total: \$2,390,493		Three-year present value: \$2,244,717				

ONGOING MANAGEMENT EFFORT AND TRAINING

Evidence and data. Interviewees indicated that the ongoing management of Revenera required consistent but relatively low effort across developer and IT teams. Activities included maintaining infrastructure, managing system updates, handling troubleshooting, and ensuring that the platform remained integrated and aligned with business needs. Interviewees also mentioned collaborating with Revenera's support team to help resolve technical issues as they arose.

Interviewees shared that training requirements for Revenera were minimal. Most users did not need more than two days of training to become proficient in core tasks such as entitlement management, license activation, and reporting. Training was typically concentrated around initial

onboarding, with smaller waves of new users trained over time to accommodate organizational growth or role changes.

• The VP of product in cybersecurity explained the ongoing effort required to keep Revenera running smoothly: "Maintaining the platform on a daily basis requires very few people. Occasionally, we'll have a spike in team engagement, like when we're preparing to release a new product, but generally, it doesn't take a huge amount of effort to make sure the system is up to date."

The VP of product also described training effort as a modest time commitment: "It only takes a few hours to train users on Revenera. Since it operates transparently behind other systems, once they learn how to use it, they don't need to interact with it on a daily basis. Revenera's rich set of APIs means we can do a ton of integrations to enhance our users' experience."

• The director of digital operations in energy said: "Training on Revenera is straightforward and is largely self-service. When users learn how to access the software, activation IDs, and download packages, it's already built into the training process. They typically spend about half a day familiarizing themselves with software licensing and getting up to speed on the system."

The director of digital operations continued: "Day-to-day, management of our system involves a small team. One engineer handles new product integrations, and two software operations specialists review orders and make adjustments in Revenera accordingly. My primary focus is on managing changes and addressing nonroutine issues, and our digital technology specialist spends time on system-related concerns outside of product management."

The director concluded: "We also regularly work with Revenera on technical issues. The digital technology team tracks and follows up on cases related to bugs or system challenges to make sure they're resolved. Beyond routine management, we also have weekly calls with Revenera's customer success manager for additional support on optimizing the system and exploring new features."

Modeling and assumptions. Based on the interviews, Forrester assumes the following about the composite organization:

- One developer and one IT FTE each dedicate 25% of their time to ongoing management activities, including maintaining configurations, managing entitlements, and supporting integrations.
 - The average fully burdened annual salary of a developer resource is \$182,500.
 - The average fully burdened hourly rate of an IT resource is \$72,900.
- 100 users are trained at initial rollout, with 10 additional users trained in each subsequent year to account for attrition and backfilling.
- Each user requires 10 hours of training.
- The average fully burdened hourly blended rate of a user is \$52.

Risks. This benefit will vary among organizations based on:

- The scope and complexity of the product portfolio, including the level of customization and the number of integrations requiring ongoing support.
- The number and fully burdened annual salaries of developer and IT FTEs involved in ongoing management.
- The number of users requiring initial and ongoing training, which could vary based on company size and employee turnover.
- The length of training time required for users, which may vary depending on the complexity of the Revenera system and the prior experience of the users.

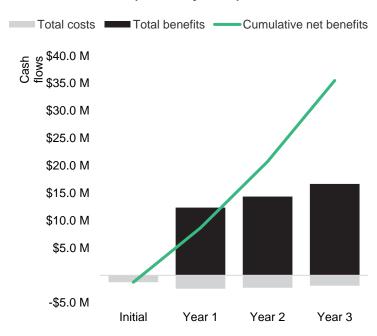
Results. To account for these risks, Forrester adjusted this cost upward by 5%, yielding a three-year, risk-adjusted total PV (discounted at 10%) of \$235,000.

Ongoing Management Effort And Training								
Ref.	Metric	Source	Initial	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3		
G1	Developer resources dedicated to ongoing management	Composite		1	1	1		
G2	Average fully burdened hourly rate of developer resource	D16		\$182,500	\$182,500	\$182,500		
G3	IT resources dedicated to ongoing management	Composite		1 1		1		
G4	Average fully burdened hourly rate of IT resource	F10		\$72,900	\$72,900	\$72,900		
G5	Average percentage of time spent on ongoing management	Interviews		25%	25%	25%		
G6	Subtotal: Ongoing management effort	(G1*G2*G5)+(G3* G4*G5)		\$63,850	\$63,850	\$63,850		
G7	Total Revenera users requiring training	Composite	100	10	10	10		
G8	Average time spent on training (hours)	Interviews	10	10	10	10		
G9	Average fully burdened hourly rate of user, blended	Composite	\$52	\$52	\$52	\$52		
G10	Subtotal: Training costs	G7*G8*G9	\$52,000	\$5,200	\$5,200	\$5,200		
Gt	Ongoing management effort and training	G6+G10	\$52,000	\$69,050	\$69,050	\$69,050		
	Risk adjustment	↑5%						
Gtr	Ongoing management effort and training (risk-adjusted)		\$54,600	\$72,503	\$72,503	\$72,503		
	Three-year total: \$272,108 Three-year present value: \$234,903							

Financial Summary

Consolidated Three-Year, Risk-Adjusted Metrics

Cash Flow Chart (Risk-Adjusted)



The financial results calculated in the Benefits and Costs sections can be used to determine the ROI, NPV, and payback period for the composite organization's investment. Forrester assumes a yearly discount rate of 10% for this analysis.

These risk-adjusted ROI, NPV, and payback period values are determined by applying risk-adjustment factors to the unadjusted results in each Benefit and Cost section.

Cash Flow Analysis (Risk-Adjusted Estimates)								
	Initial	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Total	Present Value		
Total costs	(\$1,259,034)	(\$2,449,334)	(\$2,264,231)	(\$1,891,628)	(\$7,864,226)	(\$6,778,174)		
Total benefits	\$0	\$12,351,150	\$14,364,338	\$16,666,710	\$43,382,198	\$35,621,618		
Net benefits	(\$1,259,034)	\$9,901,817	\$12,100,107	\$14,775,083	\$35,517,972	\$28,843,444		
ROI						426%		
Payback						<6 months		

APPENDIX A: TOTAL ECONOMIC IMPACT

Total Economic Impact is a methodology developed by Forrester Research that enhances a company's technology decision-making processes and assists solution providers in communicating their value proposition to clients. The TEI methodology helps companies demonstrate, justify, and realize the tangible value of business and technology initiatives to both senior management and other key stakeholders.

Total Economic Impact Approach

Benefits represent the value the solution delivers to the business. The TEI methodology places equal weight on the measure of benefits and costs, allowing for a full examination of the solution's effect on the entire organization.

Costs comprise all expenses necessary to deliver the proposed value, or benefits, of the solution. The methodology captures implementation and ongoing costs associated with the solution.

Flexibility represents the strategic value that can be obtained for some future additional investment building on top of the initial investment already made. The ability to capture that benefit has a PV that can be estimated.

Risks measure the uncertainty of benefit and cost estimates given: 1) the likelihood that estimates will meet original projections and 2) the likelihood that estimates will be tracked over time. TEI risk factors are based on "triangular distribution."

PRESENT VALUE (PV)

The present or current value of (discounted) cost and benefit estimates given at an interest rate (the discount rate). The PV of costs and benefits feed into the total NPV of cash flows.

NET PRESENT VALUE (NPV)

The present or current value of (discounted) future net cash flows given an interest rate (the discount rate). A positive project NPV normally indicates that the investment should be made unless other projects have higher NPVs.

RETURN ON INVESTMENT (ROI)

A project's expected return in percentage terms. ROI is calculated by dividing net benefits (benefits less costs) by costs.

DISCOUNT RATE

The interest rate used in cash flow analysis to take into account the time value of money. Organizations typically use discount rates between 8% and 16%.

PAYBACK PERIOD

The breakeven point for an investment. This is the point in time at which net benefits (benefits minus costs) equal initial investment or cost.

The initial investment column contains costs incurred at "time 0" or at the beginning of Year 1 that are not discounted. All other cash flows are discounted using the discount rate at the end of the year. PV calculations are calculated for each total cost and benefit estimate. NPV calculations in the summary tables are the sum of the initial investment and the discounted cash flows in each year. Sums and present value calculations of the Total Benefits, Total Costs, and Cash Flow tables may not exactly add up, as some rounding may occur.

APPENDIX B: ENDNOTES

¹ Total Economic Impact is a methodology developed by Forrester Research that enhances a company's technology decision-making processes and assists solution providers in communicating their value proposition to clients. The TEI methodology helps companies demonstrate, justify, and realize the tangible value of business and technology initiatives to both senior management and other key stakeholders.

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